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# **Django Computed Property Documentation**

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Computed Property fields for Django models, inspired by [Google Cloud NDB](#)



# CHAPTER 1

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## Prerequisites

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`django-computed-property` supports [Django 1.8 - 2.0](#) on Python 2.7, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, pypy, and pypy3.

Only SQLite is tested, but any Django database backend should work.





## CHAPTER 2

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### Installation

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`django-computed-property` is available on [PyPI](#). Install it with:

```
pip install django-computed-property
```



Add `computed_property` to your list of *INSTALLED\_APPS* in *settings.py*:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [
    ...
    'computed_property'
]
```

Then, simply import and use the included field classes in your models:

```
from django.db import models
from computed_property import ComputedTextField

class MyModel(models.Model):
    name = ComputedTextField(compute_from='calculation')

    @property
    def calculation(self):
        return 'some complicated stuff'
```

You can read values from the `name` field as usual, but you may not set the field's value. When the field is accessed and when a model instance is saved, it will compute the field's value using the provided callable (function/lambda), property name, or attribute name.

*compute\_from* can be a reference to a function that takes a single argument (an instance of the model), or a string referring to a field, property, or other attribute on the instance.

## 3.1 Field types

Several other field classes are included: `ComputedCharField`, `ComputedEmailField`, `ComputedIntegerField`, `ComputedDateField`, `ComputedDateTimeField`, and others. All field classes accept the same arguments as their non-Computed versions.

To create an Computed version of some other field class, inherit from both `ComputedField` and the other field class:

```
from computed_property import ComputedField
from somewhere import MyField

class MyComputedField(ComputedField, MyField):
    pass
```

## CHAPTER 4

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### Contributing

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See the [contributing docs](#).